Objective 1: Identify organic functional groups, draw skeletal structures, and distinguish between the same compound, isomers, different compounds, and resonance structures.

1. a. Prenol has a fruity odor and is used in perfumes. This compound contains an alkene group and alcohol group. Circle each group.

b. Salicylic acid is a pain reliever and contains an alcohol group, acid group, and aromatic group. Circle each group.

- c. What is the difference between an alkene and aromatic group?
- 2. Identify the functional group(s) in the following molecules:

- 3. a. C₃H₈O has three isomers. Draw the Lewis structure of each isomer.
- b. Xylene, which is a benzene ring with 2 methyl groups, has three isomers. Draw the Lewis structure of each isomer.
- 4. Determine structure from experimental data.

(from Spring 2009 Exam 1) You are trying to determine the identity of an organic ion. So far, your analysis shows that the compound contains:

- (i) C and H and O with chemical formula C₂H₃O₂,
- (ii) Three HCH bond angles and three CCH bond angles of 109.5°. (Note: methane, CH₄, has four HCH bond angles.)
- (iii) Two carbon-oxygen bonds of length 1.26 Angstroms. (Note: A carbon-oxygen single bond has a bond length of 1.34 Angstroms. A carbon-oxygen double bond has a bond length of 1.20 Angstroms.)
- 5. Compare the two compounds. Are these compounds the same compound, isomers, different compounds, or resonance structures?

